#### FOREST PROTECTION CONFERENCE

La Granja - Valsaín

### FOREST PROTECTION IN THE EU: Social and economic impacts



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- 1. Background
- 2. Economic and social impacts of forests
- 3. Socioeconomic challenges
- 4. Conclusions



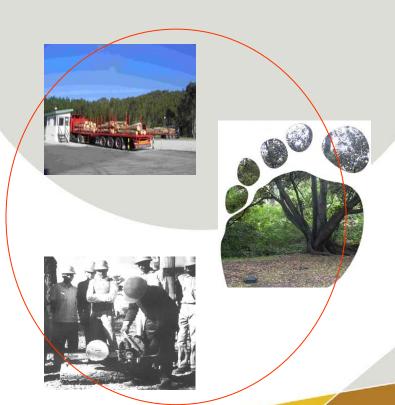
#### 1. Background



#### **Green Paper on Forest Protection**

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/consultations/forests\_en.htm

« Forest protection in the EU should aim at ensuring that forests continue to perform all their productive, socio-economic and environmental functions in the future. »



#### 1. Background



### EU Major objectives in relation to forestry with socioeconomic relevance

- → The promotion of the sustainable development of the EU forestry sector as a contribution to **rural development** and, in particular, to the creation and preservation of **jobs in rural areas**
- → Enhancing the sustainable forest management within the framework of the internal market and contributing to the competitiveness of the EU forest-based industries
- Increasing the use of sustainably produced wood and other forest products, as environment-friendly and climate-neutral sources of materials and renewable energy

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#### 2. Economic and social impacts of forests



Forestry and Forest-based industries, essential role in maintaining sustainable employment in rural areas...

...but their importance is often underestimated...

- Main income from most forest holdings depends on wood production...
- ...but those working on forestry and woodworking are often self-employed
- + small enterprises activities frequently coupled with other economic sectors
- → Difficult to say exactly how much primary biomass directly from forestry used for energy purposes
- → Lack of data on the contribution of non-wood products and services (that, in some regions, provide more income than wood sales)

#### 2. Economic and social impacts of forests



#### Some numbers:

# 3.6 million employees in the forestry sector, woodworking, pulp and paper and printing

- → 0.5 million jobs directly related to forestry
- → 1.5 million for the manufacture of wood and cork
- → 0.7 million for the manufacture of pulp and paper
- → 0.9 million for the printing sector

→ As important suppliers of biomass, agriculture and forestry roughly employ **200 000 people** 

#### **Forest-based industries**

€120 billion added-value €402 billion turnover 3 million employees in 350 000 firms



Woodworking: €37 billion added value €134 billion turnover 197 000 firms

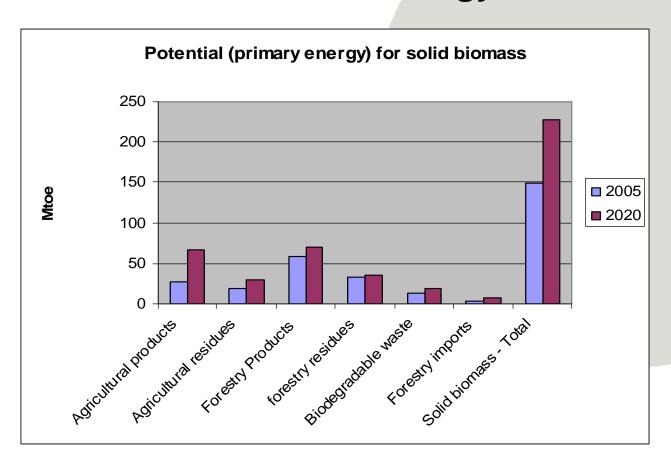


Pulp and paper: €41 billion added value €166 billion turnover 19 000 firms



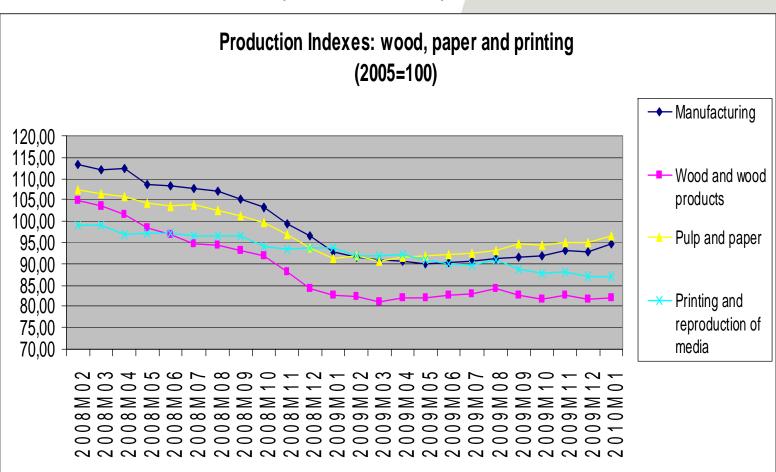
Printing: € 42 billion added value €106 billion turnover 133 000 firms

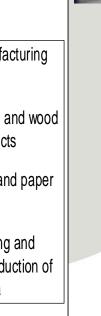
#### Forest biomass as an energy source



Source: SEC(2010) 65 Impact Assessment for the sustainability requirements for the use of solid and gaseous biomass sources in electricity, heating and cooling

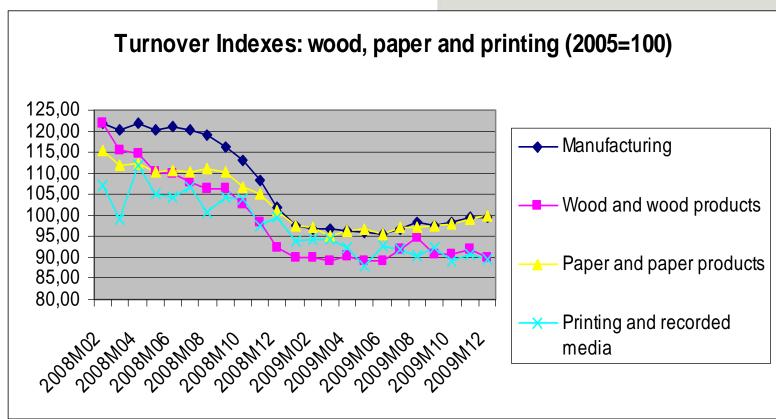
#### **Production** index (2005 = 100)





#### **Turnover index** (2005 = 100)

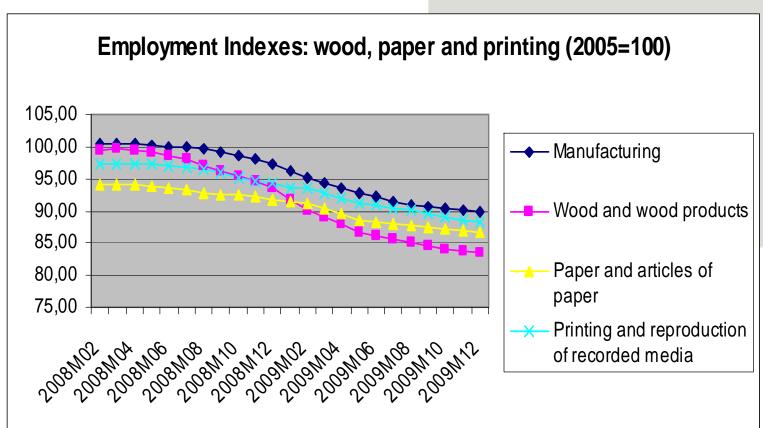






#### **Employment index** (2005 = 100)





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#### **Policy documents:**

- -Forest Action Plan
- -Innovative and Sustainable Forest-based industries
- -Green Paper on Forest Protection

Forest protection and socio-economic challenges:

Jobs!

- → Raw material
- Destructive storms and fires



#### **Raw Material:**

- Average EU forest utilisation rate: 60%
- Forecasted to increase to 79-80% due to increased demand for wood products and bioenergy
- -Potential to increase utilisation in most countries
- Many issues to be considered: sustainability, competitiveness of industries, efficiency, economic viability, fragmentation, organisation and motivation of forest owners



#### **Raw Material:**

Maintaining the potential for sustainable wood supply will require

- → Developing new domestic sources of wood (expansion of forested area)
- → Mobilising more wood from existing domestic sources
- →Increasing efficiency in the production and use of wood
- Increasing imports of wood raw material



#### **Destructive storms and fires:**

Big environmental impact ..and also big socioeconomic consequences

#### Issues to be considered:

- → Reduction of income (drop in price of raw material)
- Distortion of wood markets
- → Need to urgently put in place measures to extract the wood
- → Need for quick restoration

Important to put prevention measures in place to reduce and limit the damages

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#### 4. Conclusions



- → Forest protection has an important socioeconomic component
- → A competitive forestry output enhances forestbased sector competitiveness and vice-versa
- Socio-economic challenges, inter-linked to environmental ones: raw material availability, storms, fires..
- → Prevention measures will prepare forests and reduce and limit both the environmental and socioeconomic damages
- → Need for Member States, Stakeholders and Commission to work together to protect forests and forest sector

### Thank you for your attention! Gracias por su atención!



http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/wood-paper-printing/index\_fr.htm